The invention claimed is:

1. A device for molding crayons or toys, comprising:

a housing defining a restricted access area and including a door that provides access to the restricted access area;

a stationary melting chamber within the restricted access area; and

an electrically powered heating element adjacent the melting chamber; and

a mold in the restricted access area and connected to the melting chamber.

2. The device of claim 1 and a door switch that disconnects the electrical power from the heating element when the door is open.

3. The device of claim 1 and a gate for alternatively permitting and preventing flow between the melting chamber and the mold.

4. The device of claim 3 and an interlock between the gate and the door, which prevents the door from moving from the closed position when the gate is permitting flow.

5. The device of claim 1 which and a warning light secured to the housing that signals when the heating element is activated.

6. The device of claim 1 and a regulator extending outwardly from the housing directs to permit or prevent flow of melted material from the melting chamber.

7. A device for recycling wax pieces, which comprises:

a housing defining a restricted access area;

a melting chamber in the restricted access area for producing liquid wax from wax pieces;

a flow path within the restricted access area and extending from the melting chamber for directing the flow of liquid wax;

a gate that controls the flow of liquid wax from the melting chamber to the flow path;

a mold connected to the flow path; and

a door that provides access to the mold when the door is in an open position and prevents access to the mold when the door is in a closed position.

8. The device of claim 7 and a filler tube leading to the melting chamber for receiving a wax piece from outside the housing.

9. The device of claim 7 and a heating element within the melting chamber.

10. The device of claim 7 and a regulator, which is accessible from outside the housing and directs the gate to permit or prevent flow.

11. The device of claim 7 in which the liquid wax flows primarily by gravity from the melting chamber to the mold along the flow path.

12. The device of claim 9 and a thermostatic switch for sensing the temperature of the melting chamber and controlling electricity to the heating element.

13. The device of claim 7 and a shutdown switch for interrupting electricity to the heating element when the housing is tilted.

14. The device of claim 7 and a switch for sensing the temperature of the heating element and interrupting electricity to the heating element when the temperature exceeds a given value.

15. The device of claim 7 and a door switch for interrupting electricity to the heating element when the door is not in the closed position.

16. A toy molding device for use with wax material, which comprises:

a stationary melting chamber;

an electrical heating element for heating the melting chamber;

a mold;

a housing substantially surrounding the melting chamber and the mold so as to restrict access by a user to the melting chamber and the mold, the housing including a door having an open position which provides access to the mold and a closed position which prevents access to the mold;

a gate having a open position which permits flow of the material between the melting chamber and the mold, and a closed position which prevents the flow of the material between the melting chamber and the mold; and

an interlock that prevents the door from moving to the open position when the gate is in the open position.

17. The device of claim 15 and a microswitch that senses when the door is in the open position and interrupts the supply of electrical current to the electrical heating element.

18. The device of claim 15 and a tilt switch that senses when the housing inclines more than a predetermined amount from the vertical and then interrupts the supply of electrical current to the electrical heating element.

19. The device of claim 15 and a high-temperature switch that senses when the melting chamber temperature reaches a predetermined value and interrupts the supply of electrical current to the electrical heating element.